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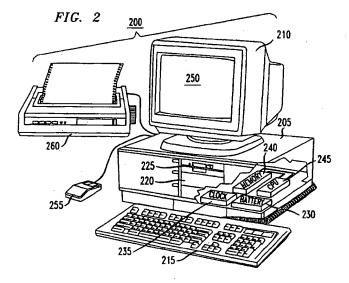
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(54) System and method for propagating revisions through a communications network

(57) A system, and method of operation, for propogating revisions through a communications network. The system includes: (1) status reporting circuitry, associated with a second node of the communications network, for collecting and transmitting a current status of second node information stored in a memory of the second node, (2) first information revising circuitry, associated with a first node of the communications network, for receiving the current status from the second node, determining as a function of the current status whether a revision of the second node information is required and, if the revision is required, transmitting the revision to the second node to revise the second node informa-

tion and (3) second information revising circuitry, associated with the second node of the communications network, for receiving a current status from a third node of the communications network, determining as a function of the current status from the third node whether a revision of third node information stored in a memory of the third node is required and, if the revision is required, transmitting the revision received from the first node to the third node to revise the third node information, the revision thereby propagating through the communications network via the first, second and third nodes thereof.



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Description

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TECHNICAL FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is directed, in general, to communications networks and, more specifically, to a system and method for distributing updates to nodes of a hierarchical communications network that cascade the updates through the network as a function of its hierarchy.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Immeasurable gains in technology offered in personal computers ("PCs") have allowed PCs to assume roles performed only by mainframe or minicomputers in the past. Many companies and, for that matter, individual users rely largely on commercially-available PCs to meet their information processing needs. Thus, it is vital that their PCs perform reliably. The fault tolerance of a given computer system is a sensitive issue with companies and individual users given the level of reliance they place on their computing systems.

Initially PCs were stand-alone devices, each containing separate hardware, operating system, application software and user data. As use of PCs spread within business organizations, however, the need for shared data and hardware resources grew, and local area network ("LANs") came into being. A LAN (or its more-geographically-dispersed counterpart, the wide area network ("WAN")) includes a number of PCs ("clients") linked to one another (typically by a high speed serial communications link) and centers around a relatively high performance PC or minicomputer ("server") that delivers programs and data to the clients and manages system-wide resources, such as secondary storage units and printers.

The networking concept has proven very useful, but suffers from a couple of disadvantages. First, since management of the network is focussed in the server, the overall performance of the network is compromised whenever the server becomes a processing bottleneck. Second, since programs and data are delivered by the server to its various clients, a distribution problem occurs whenever a software provider or vendor modifies one of its programs or data. The modified program or data must typically be distributed from the server to the client computers in a timely manner, often within a single business day. In a prior art solution, the server, or a "host" computer identified by the server, is responsible for sequentially traversing each of the client computers supporting an "old" version of the modified program or data, and then updating those client computers as necessary to implement the "new" version. In an alternate prior art solution, the server, or the host computer, traverses each client computer, updating each to include certain ones of the server's files.

A problem inherent to the prior art solutions is that substantial server, or host, processing resources may be spent establishing a communication link with many, if not all, of the client computers, and then updating the same. Further, if the server is responsible for performing the updates and the number of client computers being serviced by the server increases, the overall performance of the network may significantly be compromised as the server becomes a processing bottleneck. A system and method are needed for propagating revisions to programs or data through a communications network wherein the communications network, and in particular the server's resources, are neither compromised nor wasted. The inability of conventional solutions to accomplish the foregoing remains a dominant obstacle to updating software products distributed among various ones of the client computers of a communications network.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

To address the above-discussed deficiencies of the prior art, the present invention provides a system, and method of operation, for propagating revisions through a communications network, wherein the communications network includes a plurality of associated nodes.

The system includes: (1) status reporting circuitry, associated with a second node of the communications network, for collecting and transmitting a current status of second node information stored in a memory of the second node, (2) first information revising circuitry, associated with a first node of the communications network, for receiving the current status from the second node, determining as a function of the current status whether a revision of the second node information is required and, if the revision is required, transmitting the revision to the second node to revise the second node information and (3) second information revising circuitry, associated with the second node of the communications

network, for receiving a current status from a third node of the communications network, determining as a function of the current status from the third node whether a revision of third node information stored in a memory of the third node is required and, if the revision is required, transmitting the revision received from the first node to the third node to revise the third node information, the revision thereby propagating through the communications network via the first, second and third nodes thereof.

The present invention therefore allows revisions to propagate automatically through a communications network. Nodes in the network are responsible for both detecting when a revision to information in another node is necessary and transmitting the revision to the other node. "Information," as used the term is used herein, is defined broadly to encompass both instructions (e.g., programs, functions, tasks, subroutines, procedures and the like) and data. The "information" subject to revision by the present invention may, for example, be a computer program (allowing automatic distribution of program updates, fixes, tools and the like), computer data (e.g., documents, spreadsheets, databases, data files and the like), video data or the like.

In one embodiment of the present invention, at least the second information revising circuitry includes memory for storing a subscriber list, wherein the second information revising circuitry transmits the above-described revision as a function of the content of the subscriber list. The present invention is therefore able to form the core of a fee-based update service, wherein subscribers pay for revisions. The amount of information revised and the frequency of the revisions may be selectable, allowing a range of fee-based services to be offered. In a related embodiment, the subscriber list and the current status are suitably processed to identify a subset of the information of the subscriber list that is available to a particular user or group of users, the processing therefore functioning as a filter for the subscriber list.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the status reporting circuitry collects and transmits the current status of the second node information to the first node at a first time, status information circuitry associated with the third node collecting and transmitting the current status from the third node to the second node at a second time, the second time subsequent to the first time by a period of time sufficient to allow the second node information to be fully revised before the second information revising circuitry transmits the revision to the third node. This allows orderly "waves" of revisions to propagate through the network. Alternatively, revisions may be distributed in a more random fashion, as one node determines that another requires a revision.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the second information revising circuitry is embodied in a sequence of instructions operable on a second processor associated with the second node, the revision capable of including revisions to the sequence of instructions, thereby allowing an operation of the second information revising circuitry to be modified or altered. The information revising circuitry itself may therefore be allowed to change or be updated.

The communications network is hierarchical, in one embodiment of the present invention, the first node functions as a server for the second node, the second node functions as a server for the third node. "Hierarchical", as the term is used herein, means a structure of many levels wherein particular levels have control or precedence over other levels (e.g., higher precedence levels over lower precedence levels), and wherein a first level node may be hierarchically related to one or more second level nodes, each second level node may be hierarchically related to one or more third level nodes, each third level node may be hierarchically related to one or more fourth level nodes, etc. Precedence may suitably be based upon order (e.g. sequentially), responsibility, functionality, etc. The broad scope of the present invention therefore encompasses tree-based networks, as well as flat, peer-to-peer networks. The present invention is furthermore not limited to computer networks, such as LANs or WANs, but rather is operable in telecommunication systems to update system software or data or in wireless environments, such as cellular telephony or message paging networks.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the first information revising circuitry includes first security circuitry for authenticating the current status received from the second node before the first node transmits the revision to the second node and the second node includes second security circuitry for authenticating the revision received from the first node before revising the second node information. In a related embodiment, the second security circuitry authenticates the revision on a file-by-file basis. Of course, the security circuitry may be in the form of computer instructions, allowing the circuitry to change or be updated over time.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the first information revising circuitry revises the second node information by logging onto the second node and transmitting a sequence of commands to the second node to enable the second node to receive the revision. The present invention therefore operates in a conventional network environment and may therefore be completely transparent to the underlying network operating system ("NOS"). Security and other features of the NOS may therefore remain intact.

An advantageous embodiment for using and/or distributing the present invention is as software. The software embodiment includes a plurality of instructions which are stored to a suitable conventional memory or other equivalent storage medium. The instructions are readable and executable by one or more network nodes having processing circuitry. The instructions, upon execution, direct the processing circuitry to propagate revisions through a communications network wherein the communications network includes a plurality of associated nodes in accordance with the present invention. Exemplary memory and storage media include without limitation magnetic, optical, and semiconductor, as well as suitably arranged combinations thereof.

The foregoing has outlined, rather broadly, preferred and alternative features of the present invention so that those skilled in the art may better understand the detailed description of the invention that follows. Additional features of the invention will be described hereinafter that form the subject of the claims of the invention. Those skilled in the art should appreciate that they can readily use the disclosed conception and specific embodiment as a basis for designing or modifying other structures for carrying out the same purposes of the present invention. Those skilled in the art should also realize that such equivalent constructions do not depart from the spirit and scope of the invention in its broadest form.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

For a more complete understanding of the present invention, reference is now made to the following descriptions taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which like numbers designate like parts, and in which:

FIGURE 1 illustrates a block diagram of a conventional hierarchical communications network in which the principles of the present invention may advantageously be implemented;

FIGURE 2 illustrates an isometric view of an exemplary processing system node chat provides a suitable environment within which the present invention may be implemented and operated in accordance with the communications network of FIGURE 1;

FIGURE 3 illustrates a high-level block diagram of an exemplary microprocessing circuit that may suitably be associated with the processing system of FIGURE 1 and that provides a suitable environment within which the present invention may be implemented and operated;

FIGURE 4 illustrates a high-level block diagram of a single exemplary branch of the communications network of FIGURE 1; and

FIGURE 5 illustrates a flow diagram of an exemplary method of operation for propagating revisions through the communications network of FIGURE 1 in accordance with the principles of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

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Referring initially to FIGURE 1, illustrated is a block diagram of a conventional hierarchical communications network, a computer network (generally designated 100), in which the principles of the present invention may advantageously be implemented. Exemplary network 100 includes a server node 110 and a plurality of conventional client nodes 120a-120c, 130a-130f and 140a-140h. "Include," as the term is used herein, is defined as inclusion without limitation. A "node," as the term is used herein, is defined as any junction, end or connection point, station, terminal or the like, whether portable or not, that is capable of communicating signals, or information, within communications network 100

Server node 110 may suitably and conventionally be sharable by client nodes 120a-120c, 130a-130f and 140a-140h. Server node 110 and client nodes 120a-120c, 130a-130f and 140a-140h may suitably be associated with one another, either directly or indirectly, by any conventional means, including communication links, portal devices (e.g., routers, bridges, gateways, switches, etc.) or the like. "Associated with," as the term is used herein, means to include within, interconnect with, contain, be contained within, connect to, couple with, be communicable with, juxtapose, cooperate with, interleave or the like. "Or," as the term is used herein, is inclusive, meaning and/or.

The illustrated association of nodes 110, 120a-120c, 130a-130f and 140a-140h suitably facilitates resource sharing as well as the balancing of resource requests among ones of the nodes, techniques that are known in the art. Communication among various ones of the nodes may suitably include the transmission and reception of signals. Each communication signal may suitably be divided into packets, frames, messages, sequences of data or any other variation of a physical quantity for conveying information. A typical signal may suitably include a collection of related data items, such as discrete data, address or instruction objects that may be used to communicate information between various ones of the nodes.

In an advantageous embodiment, as will be discussed in greater detail with reference to FIGURES 4 and 5, revisions to at least a portion of the information stored on server 110 may suitably be propagated on a level-by-level basis through communications network 100 in accordance with the principles of the present invention. "Revisions," as the term is used herein, means changes, modifications, additions, deletions, adjustments, alterations, variations, customizations, and the like. More particularly, at least one of the second level nodes 120a-120c collects and transmits a second level current status of information stored in the one or more second level nodes. The second level current status of information may suitably be for the entire level or for individual ones of second level nodes 120a-120c. Server 110, a first level node, receives the second level current status of information and determines, as a function of the second level current status of information, whether a revision of one or more of the second level nodes information is required. If the revision is required, server 110 transmits the revision of the second level node information to the one or more second level nodes 120a-120c.

After the revision, the one or more second level nodes 120a-120c may suitably receive a third level current status

of information from at least one third level node 130a-130f, and determine, as a function of the third level current status of information, whether a revision of the one or more third level nodes' information is required. The third level current status of information may similarly be for the entire level or for individual ones of third level nodes 130a-130f. If the third level revision is required, the one or more second level nodes 120a-120c transmit at least part of the revision received from server 110 to the one or more third level nodes 130a-130f to thereby revise the third level node information.

An important aspect of the above-identified and -described embodiment is the breadth-first-type, or "fan-out," update. More particularly, revisions to the first level node information are suitably propagated through ones of the second level nodes, then the third level nodes, and so on, such that the revisions to the first level node information may be propagated through communications network 100 in an exponential manner.

Turning to FIGURE 2, illustrated is an isometric view of an exemplary processing system, a PC (generally designated 200). Processing system 200 is capable of functioning as any node 110, 120a-120c, 130a-130f and 140a-140h within exemplary communications network 100. Processing system 200 suitably includes a chassis 205, a display device 210 and a keyboard 215. Chassis 205 includes a hard disk drive 220 and a floppy disk drive 225. Floppy disk drive 225 may suitably be replaced by or combined with other conventional structures for transferring data or instructions, including tape and compact disc drives, telephony systems and devices (including telephone, video phone, facsimile or the like), network communication ports and the like.

Chassis 205 is partially cut-away to illustrate a battery 230, a clock 235, a detached local memory 240 and processing circuitry 245 ("CPU"), all of which are suitably housed therein. Detached local memory 240 is operative to store data and instructions. The stored instructions may suitably be grouped into sets of tasks, including programs, procedures, subroutines, functions, and the like. Processing circuitry 245, which is associated with detached local memory 240, is operative to execute selected ones of the instructions stored therein to propagate revisions to the stored data and instructions through communications network 100 in accordance with the principles of the present invention.

In an advantageous embodiment, display device 210 is operative to provide a display area 250 that is accessible to executed ones of the plurality of instructions, and that is capable of displaying a graphical user interface. Further coupled through individual conventional connectors (not shown) on chassis 205 are a mouse 255 and a printer 260. Exemplary peripheral devices 210, 215, 255 and 260, all of which are associated with processing circuitry 245, allow processing system 200 to interact with a user. Exemplary peripheral devices 210, 215, 255 and 260 may suitably be replaced by or combined with other conventional user interfaces.

Although processing system 200 is illustrated having a single processor, a single hard disk drive and a single local memory, processing system 200 may suitably be equipped with any multitude or combination of processors or storage devices. Processing system 200 may, in point of fact, be replaced by, or combined with, any suitable node operative in accordance with the principles of the present invention, including sophisticated calculators, and hand-held, laptop/note-book, mini, mainframe and super computers, telephony systems (e.g., sound, video, data, etc.), message paging systems, portal devices and the like, as well as network combinations of the same.

Conventional processing system architecture is more fully discussed in <u>Computer Organization and Architecture</u>, by William Stallings, MacMillan Publishing Co. (3rd ed. 1993); conventional processing system network design is more fully discussed in <u>Data Network Design</u>, by Darren L. Spohn, McGraw-Hill, Inc. (1993); and conventional data communications is more fully discussed in <u>Data Communications Principles</u>, by R. D. Gitlin, J. F. Hayes and S. B. Weinstein, Plenum Press (1992) and in <u>The Irwin Handbook of Telecommunications</u>, by James Harry Green, Irwin Professional Publishing (2nd ed. 1992). Each of the foregoing publications is incorporated herein by reference.

Turning to FIGURE 3, illustrated is a high-level block diagram of an exemplary microprocessing circuit (generally designated 300) that may suitably be associated with a processing system, such as PC 200 of FIGURE 2. Microprocessing circuit 300 includes detached local memory 240, processing circuitry 245, bus controller circuitry 305, a conventional read-only memory ("ROM") 310 and a set of peripheral ports 315. A host bus 320 is shown and is suitably operative to associate processing circuitry 245, detached local memory 240 and bus controller circuitry 305. In accordance with the illustrated embodiment, detached local memory 240 may suitably include random access memory ("RAM"), and processing circuitry 245 may suitably include one or more processors acting in concert.

An input/output ("I/O") bus 325 is shown and is operative to associate bus controller circuitry 305, ROM 310 and the set of peripheral ports 315. The set of peripheral ports 315 may suitably couple I/O bus 325 to peripheral devices 210, 215, 255, and 260 of FIGURE 2 for communication therewith. Included among the set of peripheral ports 315 may suitably be a serial or a parallel port. Bus controller circuitry 305 provides suitable means by which host bus 320 and I/O bus 325 may be associated, thereby providing a path and management for communication therebetween. In accordance with the illustrated embodiment, host bus 320 is relatively fast to facilitate rapid communication between processing circuitry 245 and detached local memory 240 and is typically burdened with as few components as possible to maximize its speed. I/O bus 325 is allowed to run at a slower pace with respect to host bus 320 because its speed is less critical. Each of the lines of the buses 320, 325 require a drive current to carry signals thereon. Accordingly, the present invention operates in conjunction with a conventional system controller (not shown) that supplies the required drive current. Of course, the present invention may also suitably function within an architecture that only has a single bus.

In alternate preferred embodiments, microprocessing circuit 300, in whole or in part, may be replaced by, or combined with, any other suitable processing circuitry, including programmable logic devices, such as programmable array logic ("PALs") and programmable logic arrays ("PLAs"), digital signal processors ("DSPs"), field programmable gate arrays ("FPGAs"), application specific integrated circuits ("ASICs"), very large scale integrated circuits ("VLSIs") or the like, to form the various types of circuitry described and claimed herein.

Turning momentarily to FIGURE 4, illustrated is a high-level block diagram of a single exemplary branch (generally designated 400), or a collapsed hierarchy, of communications network 100 of FIGURE 1. Exemplary server 110 and client nodes 120a and 130a form a hierarchical communications path wherein the illustrated nodes are suitably associated via conventional communication links 405 and 410, respectively. FIGURE 4 is presented for the purposes of illustration in connection with the discussion of FIGURE 5 only. Although the illustrated embodiment focuses upon a tree-based hierarchical network, those of ordinary skill in the art will realize that the principles of the present invention are applicable in any suitably arranged communications networking environment (e.g., peer-to-peer networks, etc.). The present invention provides a means by which revisions to information associated with one or more first level nodes may suitably be communicated to one or more second level nodes, from at least one of the one or more fourth nodes, etc. The present invention therefore facilitates the propagation of revisions through a communications network at an exponential rate.

Turning to FIGURE 5, illustrated is a flow diagram of an exemplary method of operation of communications network 100 for propagating revisions through branch 400 of FIGURE 4, and more particularly, server 110 and client nodes 120a and 130a, in accordance with the present invention. The present discussion is undertaken with reference to FIGURE 4, and it is assumed that each of exemplary nodes 110, 120a and 130a includes a suitable processing means, such as microprocessing circuit 300 of FIGURE 3 or other suitable implementation capable of providing equivalent functionality. An exemplary source code embodiment is attached hereto as APPENDIX A and is incorporated herein by reference for all purposes. The exemplary embodiment is written in conventional Korn Shell code for use with a UNIX environment, System V Release 4 ("SVR4").

For purposes of discussion, it is further assumed that server node 110 receives revisions to information stored in a memory associated therewith. The revisions may suitably be received from any of a number of sources, including software providers/vendors, for example.

The illustrative process begins when client node 120a scans its associated memory studying the information stored thereon (*e.g.*, files, database, data configurations, programs, routines, subroutines, functions, tasks, and the like) and generates a status report (process step 500). The status report represents the current status of client node 120a information, and may suitably include an identifier to identify various client node information, a version number associated with various client node information, or the like. The scanning process may suitably be initiated externally by server node 110 or internally by client node 120a. In either situation, the initiation may suitably be performed periodically or aperiodically.

Client node 120a, possibly using one of peripheral ports 315, transmits the status report to server node 110 (input/output step 505). Server node 110, possibly using one of its peripheral ports 315, receives the transmitted status report and suitably verifies the accuracy of the transmission (process step 510). Techniques for verifying the transmission of data are known.

In an advantageous embodiment, server node 110 is further operative to authenticate the current status of client node 120a by logging onto client node 120a, and confirming the information within the received status report. "Authenticate," as the term is used herein, means to establish the authenticity of, prove genuine or the like, including confirm, corroborate, prove, substantiate, validate, verify, or the like. For example, if the received status report indicates that client node 120a includes version 1.0 of software package XYZ, server 110 may suitably log onto client node 120a to confirm that client node 120a in fact includes version 1.0 of software package XYZ. Often times, stored information, such as software package XYZ, includes a plurality of files. In a related embodiment therefore, server 110 authenticates the status report on a file-by-file basis.

Server node 110, if the status report was correctly received, determines as a function of the received status report whether a revision of client node 120a stored information is required (decisional step 515). In another advantageous embodiment, a suitable inventory is maintained, either directly or indirectly, by server node 110. The inventory includes a list of the information maintained, used, provided, or the like by server node 110, and possibly client node 120a. The determination of whether client node 120a stored information requires revision is suitably performed by comparing the status report with the inventory thereby identifying information that (1) is missing from client node 120a, (2) may suitably be removed from client node 120a, (3) is not a recent version, (4) is expired, such as under the terms of a license agreement, or the like. Conventional techniques for performing comparisons are known.

In connection with licensing arrangements, the above-referenced identification process may suitably be used to identify valid, invalid, out-of-date or the like subscriber information maintained by client node 120a, an aspect of the present invention that is discussed in greater detail hereinbelow.

If client node 120a stored information requires revision (YES branch of decisional block 515), server node 110 suit-

ably creates an information revision file for transmission to client node 120a (process step 520). An exemplary information revision file may suitably include programs, functions, tasks, subroutines, procedures, documents, spreadsheets, databases, data files, data configurations, or the like. The revision file may also suitably include a set of instructions for execution by client node 120a, the executed set of instructions may suitably direct client node 120a to install the remainder of the information revision file, perform transmission verifications, security or the like.

Server node 110, possibly using one of peripheral ports 315, suitably transmits the revision file to client node 120a (input/output step 525). Client node 120a, again possibly using one of its peripheral ports 315, receives the transmitted revisions file and verifies the accuracy of the transmission (process step 530). If the transmission was correctly received, the stored information on client node 120a is updated using the received revision file (process step 535).

The foregoing update may suitably be performed in any one of a number of ways, for example, server node 110 may suitably update client node 120a stored information by logging onto client node 120a and one of:

- (a) perform the update in a conventional "master-slave"-type environment (i.e., communications session in which one side, called the master, initiates and controls the session, and the other side, called the slave, responds to the master's commands), and
- (b) transmit a sequence of commands to client node 120a that, upon execution by client node 120a, enable client node 120a to perform the update.

In another example, client node 120a receives the revision file from server 110, buffers the received revision file, and suitably performs the update. Client node 120a may also receive the above-identified set of instructions as part of the revision file, the set of instructions, when suitably executed by client node 120a, direct client node 120a to install the remainder of the buffered revision file, or alternatively, to perform transmission verifications, security or the like.

In accordance with the illustrated embodiment, client node 120a, a second level client in network branch 400, may suitably function as a temporary "server" to client node 130a, a third level client in network branch 400.

The illustrative process continues when client node 130a scans its associated memory studying the information stored thereon (*e.g.*, files, database, data configurations, programs, routines, subroutines, functions, tasks, and the like) and generates a status report (process step 540). The status report represents the current status of client node 130a information, and may suitably include an identifier to identify various client node information, a version number associated with various client node information, or the like. The scanning process may suitably be initiated externally by client node 120a or internally by client node 130a. In either situation, the initiation may again suitably be performed periodically or aperiodically.

Client node 130a, possibly using one of peripheral ports 315, transmits the status report to client node 120a (input/output step 545). Client node 120a, possibly using one of its peripheral ports 315, receives the transmitted status report and suitably verifies the accuracy of the transmission (process step 550).

In an advantageous embodiment, client node 120a is further operative to authenticate the current status of client node 130a by logging onto client node 130a, and confirming the information within the received status report. In a related embodiment, the authentication of the status report, portions of which may again include a plurality of files, is performed on a file-by-file basis.

Client node 120a, if the status report was correctly received, determines as a function of the received status report whether a revision of client node 130a stored information is required (decisional step 555). In yet another advantageous embodiment, a suitable inventory is maintained, either directly or indirectly, by client node 120a. The inventory includes a list of the information maintained, used, provided, or the like by client node 120a, and possibly client node 130a or server node 110. The determination of whether client node 130a stored information requires revision is suitably performed by comparing the status report with the inventory thereby identifying information that (1) is missing from client node 130a, (2) may suitably be removed from client node 130a, (3) is not a recent version, (4) is expired, such as under the terms of a license agreement, or the like.

In connection with licensing arrangements, the above-referenced identification process may suitably be used to identify valid, invalid, out-of-date or the like subscriber information maintained by client node 130a, an aspect of the present invention that is discussed in greater detail hereinbelow.

If client node 130a stored information requires revision (YES branch of decisional block 555), client node 120a suitably creates an information revision file for transmission to client node 130a (process step 560). The information revision file may suitably include, at least in part, the revision file received by client node 120a from server node 110.

An exemplary information revision file may suitably include programs, functions, tasks, subroutines, procedures, documents, spreadsheets, databases, data files, data configurations, or the like. The revision file may also suitably include a set of instructions for execution by client node 130a, the executed set of instructions may suitably direct client node 130a to install the remainder of the information revision fine, perform transmission verifications, security or the like.

Client node 120a, possibly using one of peripheral ports 315, suitably transmits the revision file to client node 130a (input/output step 565). Client node 130a, again possibly using one of its peripheral ports 315, receives the transmitted

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revisions file and verifies the accuracy of the transmission (process step 570). If the transmission was correctly received, the stored information on client node 130a is updated using the received revision file (process step 575).

The foregoing update may suitably be performed in any one of a number of ways, for example, client node 120a may suitably update client node 130a stored information by logging onto client node 130a and one of:

- (a) perform the update in a conventional "master-slave"-type environment (*i.e.*, communications session in which one side, called the master, initiates and controls the session, and the other side, called the slave, responds to the master's commands), and
- (b) transmit a sequence of commands to client node 130a that, upon execution by client node 130a, enable client node 130a to perform the update.

In another example, client node 130a receives the revision file from client node 120a, buffers the received revision file, and suitably performs the update. Client node 130a may also receive the above-identified set of instructions as part of the revision file, the set of instructions, when suitably executed by client node 130a, direct client node 130a to install the remainder of the buffered revision fine, or alternatively, to perform transmission verifications, security or the like.

The above-identified and -described process may suitably be performed in a conventional network environment and may further suitably be transparent to the underlying network operating system ("NOS"). This feature enable conventional security and other features of the NOS to remain intact.

An important aspect of various embodiments of the present invention, is that either client node 120a or 130a may suitably include a sequence of instructions for performing at least a portion of the above-described update process which itself is subject to an update by the received information revision file. The sequence of instructions may suitably be revised by the received revision file, and then suitably executed, thereby allowing one or more operations of one of client node 120a or 130a to be modified and allowed to change or be updated over time.

Another important aspect of the present invention as exemplified by the illustrated embodiment, is that client node 130a stored information may suitably be revised, at least in part, by the revision file received by client node 120a from server node 110. The revision thereby propagates through the communications network via the first, second and third nodes thereof.

In a related embodiment, the status report generated by client node 120a may be transmitted from client node 120a to server node 110 at a first time, whereas the status report generated by client node 130a may then be transmitted from client node 130a to client node 120a at a second time. The second time may advantageously be subsequent to the first time by a period of time sufficient to allow client node 120a information to be fully revised before client node 120a transmits the revision to client node 130a. A further aspect of the present invention therefore is allowance of orderly "waves" of revisions to propagate through communications network 100. In alternate embodiments, revisions may suitably be distributed in a more random fashion, as one node determines that another node requires a revision.

An advantageous application of the present invention is to subscriber-based software distribution systems. "Subscriber-based systems," as the phrase is used herein, means electronic communications systems wherein a party, the "subscriber," contracts with a vendor, distributor, licensor or the like to receive and pay for a certain number of issues, versions, or the like of a particular software package, group of software packages, electronic services, or the like. More particularly, at least one of server node 110 or client node 120a includes memory for storing a subscriber list, associating subscribers with their subscribed to services. Server node 110 and client node 120a transmit revision files, at least in part, as a function of the content of the subscriber list. The present invention therefore may suitably form the core of a fee-based update service, wherein subscribers pay for revisions. The amount of information revised and the frequency of the revisions may be selectable, allowing a range of fee-based services to be offered. In a related embodiment, the subscriber list is associated with a restricted list. The restricted list, when suitably processed in association with the subscriber list, identifies a subset of the information of the subscriber list that is available or unavailable to a particular user or group of users, such as a group of users associated by geographical location, for example. The restricted list may therefore functions as a filter for the subscriber list.

The propagation of updates through a subscriber-based systems may be particularly advantageous, not only over WANs, such as the Internet, but also through cable television systems, such as those providing pay-per-view and demand-television, including emerging services for receiving video games and other interactive services.

From the above, it is apparent that the present invention provides a system, and method of operation, for propagating revisions through a communications network, wherein the communications network includes a plurality of associated nodes. The system includes: (1) status reporting circuitry, associated with a second node of the communications network, for collecting and transmitting a current status of second node information stored in a memory of the second node. (2) first information revising circuitry, associated with a first node of the communications network, for receiving the current status from the second node, determining as a function of the current status whether a revision of the second node information is required and, if the revision is required, transmitting the revision to the second node to revise the second node information and (3) second information revising circuitry, associated with the second node of the communications network, for receiving a current status from a third node of the communications network, determining as a

5

10

function of the current status from the third node whether a revision of third node information stored in a memory of the third node is required and, if the revision is required, transmitting the revision received from the first node to the third node to revise the third node information, the revision thereby propagating through the communications network via the first, second and third nodes thereof. Revisions are therefore allowed to propagate automatically through a communications network, wherein various nodes within the communications network are responsible for both detecting when a revision to information in another node is necessary and transmitting the revision to the other node.

The broad scope of the present invention is not limited to tree-based hierarchical networks of the type set forth in FIGURES 1, 4 and 5, but also includes other conventional networks configurations, such as peer-to-peer communications networks. The propagation of revisions is also not limited to a first node to a second node to a third node progression, but rather includes revision of a first node propagated to one or more second nodes, from at least one of the one or more second nodes to one or more third nodes, from at least one of the one or more third nodes to one or more fourth nodes, etc., thereby enabling not only the sequential revision of serially associated nodes, but also a hierarchical fanout updating of a plurality of nodes.

The present invention is also not limited to pure "computer-based" communications networks, such as LANs or WANs, but may also suitably be implemented in telecommunication systems to update system software or data or in wireless environments, such as cellular telephony or message paging networks. To that end, the principles of the present invention may suitably be associated with any network element functioning as a node, including routers, bridges, gateways, switches, or other conventional portal devices, satellites, relay stations, or the like. While the principles of the present invention have been described in detail, those skilled in the art should understand that they can make various changes, substitutions and alterations herein without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention in its broadest form.

APPENDIX A

"SENDLIST" SOURCE CODE

```
CMD = 'basename $0'
                  USAGE="Usage: $CMD [ -d ] [ -s serverID ]"
10
                  KSHOK = no
                  echo yes | read KSHOK
                  if test "$K$HOK" = "no"; then
                     if test "S{RETRYING_KSH:-no}" = "yes"; then
                           echo "$CMD: ERROR: not running with ksh88 -- aborting!"
                           echo "$CMD: ERROR: not running with ksh88 -- aborting!" |
 15
                           /bin/mail exptools
                           RC=2
                     clif test $# -gt 0; then
                           RETRYING_KSH="yes" $SHELL $0 "$@"
                           RC=$?
                     clse
20
                           RETRYING_KSH="yes" $SHELL $0
                           RC = S?
                     ſŧ
                    exit SRC
                  fi
25
                  # This routine prints out error messages and mails them to exptools
30
                    typeset MSG="$CMD: ERROR: $1 -- aborting!"
                    typeset LOG=$ADMRUG/$SERVERID/local/sendplist.out
                    typeset ECODE ECMD
                    if test -n "$2"; then
                           echo $2 | read ECMD ECODE
35
                           MSG = *$MSG\nError '$ECODE' reported by '$ECMD'*
                    ſi
                    echo "SMSG" > &2
40
                           echo "Subject: sendplist error!"
                          echo
                           echo "$M$G"
                           if test -s $LOG; then
                             echo "\nHere is the complete sendplist log file:"
                             echo .
45
                             pr -04 -t $LOG
                             echo "-
                           ſi
                    } | /bin/mail exptools
50
                                       ----- < extractsection
                 # This routine extracts given sections of input files that are terminated by
```

55

```
# the EOF line.
                    extractsection() {
                       integer section=$1
5
                       typeset inputfile = $2
                       integer i=1
                       typeset LINE done = false
                       while not $done && read LINE: do
                              if ((i > section)); then
10
                                done = true
                              clif test "$LINE" = "$EOF"; then
                                ((i += 1))
                              elif ((i = = section)); then
                                echo "SLINE"
                              fi
15
                       done < Sinputfile
                                ----- mais
20
                    GETOPT=$(getopt ds: "$@")
                    if ((\$? != 0)); then
                       echo "SUSAGE"
                       exit 2
                    ſī
25
                     set -- SGETOPT
                                                          # Exit on any error
                     #set -c
                     debug="
30
                     SERVERID="
                     for arg in "S@"; do
                       case "Sarg" in
                       -s)
                              SERVERID=$2
35
                              shift 2
                        ;;
                        -d)
                              debug =:
                              shift
                        ::
40
                        --)
                               shift
                               break
                        ::
                        csac
                     done
45
                     if test! -f $ADMRUG/global/config; then
                        emsg "Can't find RUG global config file"
                        exit 2
50
                      . $ADMRUG/global/config
                      if test -n "$SERVERID"; then
                        FOUND = faise
```

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```
for ID in SSERVERIDLIST: do
                            if test "SID" = "SSERVERID"; then
                              FOUND = true
                            fi
5
                     if not SFOUND; then
                            emsg "Unknown serverid '$SERVERID' given"
                            exit 2
                     ťī
                  cisc
10
                     if test -z "SDEFAULTSERVERID"; then
                           emsg "Default server id missing"
                           exit 2
                    SERVERID=SDEFAULTSERVERID
                  fī
15
                  exec > $ADMRUG/$SERVERID/local/sendplist.out 2>&1
                  echo "Start 'date'\n"
                  CASCADEFILE=$ADMRUG/$SERVERID/global/cascade
20
                  if test -f $CASCADEFILE: then
                    cp $CASCADEFILE $ADMRUG/local/cascadefile
                    chmod 664 $ADMRUG/local/cascadefile
                  fī
                  . $ADMRUG/global/linkconfig $SERVERID
25
                  NETINFO=S(echo $SERVERID STYPE | $NETCMD)
                  if test -z "$NETINFO"; then
                    emsg "Unable to acquire network information"
                    exit 2
                  fi
30
                  echo "Nerworking information: SNETINFO"
                  tmppkglist=/usr/tmp/$$pkglist
                  tmpplist = /usr/tmp/$$plist
                  tmpexclude=/usr/tmp/$$exclude
35
                  tmpignore = /usr/tmp/$$ignore
                  mkperrs=/usr/tmp/$$mkperrs
                  errfile=/usr/tmp/$Serrfile
                 tmpsubfile=/usr/tmp/$$subfile
                 tmpflist = "Stmppkglist Stmpplist Stmpexclude Stmpignore Smkperrs Serrfile Stmpsubfile"
40
                 rctval=0
                 trap '
                    retval = 1
                    exit
                 1 2 3 15
                 trap '
45
                    rm -f Stmpflist
                    exit $retval
                 · EXIT
                 cd
50
                 rm -f adm/upd1.1/lib/cpio.new
                                                                # Remove emergency update list
                 echo "\nComputing the subscription list ..."
```

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```
echo "The SLOGNAME userid uses the alias 'SLOCALCLIENTID' to subscribe to the
              following STYPE tools from 'SSERVERID':"
                 cat $SUBSCRLIST |
                                                              # Combine *all* subscr-list files
5
                 CleanComm |
                 sed '/^1/d' |
                 sort -f > Stmpsubfile
                 if test -s Stmpsubfile; then
                        pr -04 -t -4 Stmpsubfile
                 cise
10
                        echo "NONE!"
                 ſi
                                                              # Combine oallo subscr-list files
                 cat $SUBSCRLIST [
                 CleanComm
                 sed '/^[^!]/d; s/^!//' |
                 sort of > Stmpsubfile
15
                 if test -s Simpsubfile; then
                        echo " rejecting these tools:"
                        pr -04 -t -4 $tmpsubfile
                 fī
              ) > SADMRUG/local/subscriist
              chmod 664 $ADMRUG/local/subscript
20
              echo "\nComputing checksums..."
                 > Serrfile
                 > Smkperrs
25
                                                              # Combine *all* exclude-list files
                        cat SEXCLUDELIST
                        gentinkdirs SSERVERID
                 } | mksed >> Stmpignore
                                               || echo "find $?" >$errfile ;} |
                 { find . ! -name "." -print
                 { sed -e 's!^\./!!' -f $tmpignore
                                                    || echo "sed $?" > Serrfile ;} |
30
                 { STADMRUG/bin/mkplist -m 2 > Smkperrs | |
                                                                echo "micolist $?" > Serrfile ;} |
                                                          || echo "sort $?" > Serrfile ;}
                 { sort -u
                 if test -s Serrfile; then
                        if test -s Smkperrs; then
                          cat Smkperrs > > SADMRUG/SSERVERID/local/sendplist.out
35
                        fi
                        emsg "Failure preparing client plist report" "$( < $errfile)"
                        exit 2
                 cisc
                        echo "SEOF"
40
                 fi
              ) > Stmpplist
              chmod 664 Sampplist
              eval ${debug: + "cp $tmpplist $ADMRUG/$SERVERID"}
45
              if ((S(TZ = GMT date + \%H) < 2)); then
                                                                        # if before 2AM GMT
                 integer WAITTIME = RANDOM $ 1800
                                                                        # set 1/2 hour random delay
                 echo "\nWaiting $WAITTIME seconds to prevent server overload"
                 sicep SWAJTTIME
              fi
50
              echo "\nSending to $SERVERID"
              echo "SNETINFO" I
              Sdebug SSENDCMD -u SSERVERID_LOGNAME -f rje/SSERVERID/SLOCALCLIENTID.SYRDAY Stmpplist
```

```
> Serrfile
                 cat SSUBSCRLIST
                                                           # Combine *all* subscr-list files
                 CleanComm |
 5
                 sort -u
                 echo "SEOF"
                       cat SEXCLUDELIST
                                                           # Combine *all* exclude-list files
                       geninkdirs $SERVERID
 10
                 CleanComm |
                 sort -u
                 ccho "SEOF"
                 if test -z "SDEFAULTLOCALID"; then
                       echo "0:SLOCALCLIENTID:$(uname -n):$LOGNAME:$(uname -rvm)"
 15
                       typeset LINKDIR = $ADMRUG/$DEFAULTLOCALID
                       typeset RJE=SHOME/rje/SDEFAULTLOCALID
                       echo "0:SLOCALCLIENTID/SDEFAULTLOCALID:$(uname -n):SLOGNAME.$(uname -rvm)"
                       if test -f $LINKDIR/server/exptab; then
                         sort $LINKDIR/server/expinb
                       6 |
 20
                       while IFS =: read CLIENT REST: do
                         if test -f $RJE/$CLIENT.pkg; then
                              integer COUNT=0
                             extractsection 3 SRJE/SCLIENT.pkg
                              while IFS =: read COUNT CT ND UID OS; do
                                ((COUNT + = 1))
 25
                                echo "$COUNT:$CT:$ND:$UID:$O$"
                              done
                        ſī
                      done
                ſi
                echo "SEOF"
 30
             ) > Stmppkglist
             chmod 664 Stmppkglist
             eval ${debug: + "cp $tmppkglist $ADMRUG/$SERVERID"}
             echo "$NETINFO" |
35
             Sdebug $SENDCMD -u $SERVERID_LOGNAME -f rje/$SERVERID/$LOCALCLIENTID.pkg $tmppkglist
             if [ -s Smkperrs ]; then
                      echo "Subject: mkplist errors on $LOCALCLIENTID\n"
40
                     sed "s/^/$LOCALCLIENTID:sendplist:$TYPE:/" $mkperrs
               /bin/mail SSERVERMAIL
               # Log the error messages
               echo "Errors:"
45
               cat Smitperrs
             rm -f /tmp/sh$$.1
             echo "\nFinish 'date'"
50
```

"SENDUPDT" SOURCE CODE

```
5
               CMD= 'basename $0'
               USAGE="Usage: SCMD { -cdprR } { -l localID } [ -t threshold ] client"
               KSHOK = no
               echo yes | read KSHOK
               if test "$KSHOK" = "no"; then
10
                 if test "${RETRYING_KSH:-no}" = "yes"; then
                        echo "SCMD: ERROR: Not running with ksh88 -- aborting!"
                        RC=2
                 elif test $# -gt 0; then
                        RETRYING_KSH = "yes" $SHELL $0 "$@"
                        RC=$?
15
                 else
                        RETRYING_KSH="yes" $SHELL $0
                        RC = \$?
                 fi
                 exit $RC
               fī
20
               alias -x echo = "print -"
                            ----- < emsg
25
               # This routine prints out error messages and mails them to exptools
               emsg() {
                 typeset MSG="$CMD: ERROR: $1 - aborting!"
                 rypeset LOG = Soutfile
30
                 typeset ECODE ECMD
                  if test -n "$2"; then
                        echo $2 | read ECMD ECODE
                        MSG="$MSG\nError '$ECODE' reported by '$ECMD'"
                  fi
35
                  echo 'SMSG' >&2
                        echo "Subject: sendupdates error!"
                        echo
                        echo "SMSG"
40
                        if test -s $LOG; then
                           echo "\nHere is the end of the sendupdate log file:"
                           echo "--
                           tail SLOG | pr -o4 -t
                           echo
                         fi
45
                  } | /bin/mail exptools
               }
                           ------ findclient
50
               # This routine returns a list of machines of the type defined by the first arg
                findclient() {
```

15

```
machines type==$1 | sort
 5
                                         --- < cleanupclient
                 # This routine removes old rje files for a designated client.
                 cleanupchent() {
                   typeset CLIENTID=$1 today=$2
 10
                   typeset empattern todayfile
                   yr = 'date ' + %y' '
                   lastyr = 'expr $yr - 1'
                   $\{debug\} rm -f $RJE/$CLIENTID.$\{lastyr\}* $RJE/$CLIENTID.diff*
                   rmpattern = "SRJE/SCLIENTID S{yr}*"
 15
                   todayfile="$RJE/$CLIENTID.Stoday"
                   for x in Sympattern; do
                          if test "$x" != "$todayfile" -a "$x" != "$rmpattern"; then
                             ${debug} rm $x
                          fi
                   done
 20
                }
                                        ----< deletefiles
                # This command deletes files from a client
25
                deletefiles() {
                   Sdebug delfile -v -p SEXPPKGID -c -P SEXPPWD -M SSERVERMAIL "S@" name = = SCLIENTID
30
                                     ----- deletedirs
                # This command deletes directories from a client
                deletedirs() {
                  Sdebug rrmdir -v -p $EXPPKGID -c -P $EXPPWD $altuid -M $SERVERMAIL *$@* name==$CLIENTID
35
                                  ----- senddelfiles
40
                # This routine sends the commands to delete files from a client
                senddelfiles() {
                  typeset CLIENTID=$1 diffile=$2
                  typeset pattern='^- \( *[^/]\)$'
                                                      # ordinary (non-dir) file pattern
45
                  if (( S(grep -c "Spattern" Sdiffile) > 0)); then
                         echo "\tRemove files:"
                                                      \1!p" Sdiffile
                         sed -n "s!Spattern!
                          sed -n "s!Spattern!rm '\1'!p" $diffile |
                            # Do the standard setup
50
                            echo 'HOME= 'expr "$0" : "\(.*\)/adm/bin/" '
                            echo '. SHOME/.cronprofile'
                            # Now get the user commands
                            cat
```

```
} > Simpomdfile
                     rex -cv -p SEXPPKGID -r priv -P SEXPPWD Saltuid -M SSERVERMAIL -f Sumpomdfile name = = $CLIENTID
             ſi
           }
5
                                     -< sendchmods</p>
           # This routine sends chmod commands to a client
10
           sendchmods() {
              typeset CLIENTID=$1 diffile=$2
              typeset pattern='^\([0-9]*\)\(.*\)$' # chmods file pattern
              if (( S(grep -c "Spattern" Sdiffile) > 0)), then
                     echo "\rChange files:"
15
                                                            \2!p* $diffile
                     sed -n "s!Spattern!
                     sed -n "s!Spanern!chmod \1 '\2''p" Sdiffile |
                        # Do the standard setup
                        echo 'HOME = 'expr "$0" . "\(.*\)/adm/bin/" "
                        echo . SHOME/ cromprofile'
20
                        # Now get the user commands
                        CAI
                     } > Sumpemofile
                     rex -cv -p SEXPPKGID -r priv -P SEXPPWD Saltuid -M SSERVERMAIL -( Stmpcmdfile name = = SCLIENTID
           }
25
                                   ----< sendrmdirs
            sendrundirs() {
30
              typeset CLIENTID=$1 diffile=$2
                                                   # directory pattern
              typeset pattern='^- \(.*\)/$'
               if (( $(grep -c "Spattern" $diffile) > 0)), then
                      echo "\tRemove directory:"
                                                   \1'p" Sdiffile
                      sed -n 's!Spattern!
35
                      sed -n "s!Spattern!-d'\l'!p" Sdiffile |
                      sort -r
                      xargs -s350 echo deletedirs | # echo the function we want
                      eval "$(cat)"
                                                             # exec constructed function
               ſi
40
                                     — < sendrepfiles</p>
45
            sendrepfiles() {
               typeset CLIENTID=$1 diffile=$2
               integer onemeg = 1048576 # number of bytes in a one meg file
                                         # number of bytes in a block on this machine
               integer bsize
                                         # maximum size of cpio file in blocks
               integer limit
               typeset CPIOFLAGS
                                                   # flags for cpio
50
               case $(machtype)
                                                   # ibm uses 4096-byte blocks
                              bsize = 4096
               ın ibm)
                                                   # pyr uses 2048-byte blocks
               :. pyr)
                               bsize = 2048
```

```
*)
                           bsize = 512 # everyone else uses 512-byte blocks
             ((limit = onemeg / bsize)) # calculate the block size limit of files
5
             sed -n "s! + \(.*[^/]\)/*\$!'\1'!p" $diffile > $tmpclist
             if [ -s "Stmpclist" ]; then
                   integer sum = 0 size
                    echo "\tUpdate files:"
                    sed 's/^/
                                               /' Stmpclist
                    > Stmpwlist
                    xargs is -sd < $tmpclist |
 10
                      CPIOFLAGS = "-oc"
                      if test "STYP" = "mip"; then
                           CPIO = expepio
                           CPIO=cpio
 15
                           if $SVR4; then
                             CPIOFLAGS = "-o -Hode"
                           fī
                      while read -r size filename; do
                        ((sum = sum + size))
20
                           if [[ Ssum -gt Slimit && -s Stmpwlist ]]; then
                             SCPIO SCPIOFLAGS < Stmpwlist > Stmpcpio
                                 Sdebug sendepio -v -p SEXPPKGID -c -P SEXPPWD Saltuid -M SSERVERMAIL -f Stmpepio
          name = = $CLIENTID
                             ((sum = size))
                             > $tmpwlist
                          fi
25
                          echo "Sfilename" > > Stmpwiist
                     done
                     SCPIO SCPIOFLAGS < Stmpwlist > Stmpcpio
                     Sdebug sendepio -v -p SEXPPKGID -c -P SEXPPWD Saltuid -M SSERVERMAIL -f Stmpepio name == $CLIENTID
            fi
30
                ----- dirlog
35
         dirlog() {
           typeset CLIENTID=$1 diffile=$2
           sed -n "/\/$/s%\(.*\).% date + %y%m%d \ \1%p" $diffile >> $LINKDIR/client/$CLIENTID/dirlog
40
         updlog() {
           typeset CLIENTID=$1 diffile=$2
45
           sed -n "//$/!s%^% 'date + %y%m%d' %p" $diffile > > $LINKDIR/client/$CLIENTID/updlog
50
```

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```
plistOK() {
                     typeset plistfile = $1
                     typeset RC
5
                     if test ! -f "Splistfile"; then
                            RC=1
                     elif test "$(tail -1 $plistfile 2 > /dev/null)" != "$EOF"; then
                            RC = 1
                            RC-0
10
                     fi
                     return SRC
                  }
15
                                           ---< pkgfileOK .
                  pkgfileOK() {
                     typeset pkgfile = $1
                     typeset RC
20
                     if test ! -f "Spkgfile"; then
                            RC=1
                     elif test "$(tail -1 $pkgfile 2 > /dev/null)" != "$EOF"; then
                            RC=1
25
                     else
                            RC=0
                     fi
                     return SRC
30
                       ----- mktoollist
                  # This routine returns a full list of the tools subscribed to in the file
                  # given as argument.
35
                  mktoollist() {
                     typeset RC
                     > Serrfile2
                                                          # begin with no error condition
                                                          # begin with no tool list initially
                     > $tmpsubscr2
40
                     for subfile, do
                            # climinate comments and blank lines
                            { CleanComm < Ssubfile | | echo "CleanComm $?" > Serrfile2 ;} |
                            # get excluded tool names
                             { sed '/^[^!]/d; s/^!//' | } echo "sed $?" >$errfile2;} }
45
                            # expand any metanames
                            { expandtools | } echo "expandtools $?" > Serrfile2 ,} |
                            # sort the list
                            { sort -u > $tmpexclude | | echo "sort $?" > $errfile2 ;}
                     if test -s Serrfile2; then break; fi
                                                          # Break out of loop on error
50
                             # move previous tool list
                             { mv Stmpsubscr2 Stmpsubscr1 | } echo "mv $?" > Serrfile2 .}
```

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```
if test -s Serrfile2; then break; fi
                                                                                                                                                                   # Break out of loop on error
                                                                                    # eliminate comments and blank lines
                                                                                    { CleanComm < $subfile | | echo "CleanComm $?" > $errfile2 ;} |
   5
                                                                                    # get subscribed tool names
                                                                                    { sed '/^!/d' | | echo "sed $?" > $errfile2 ; } |
                                                                                    # expand any metanames
                                                                                    { expandtools || echo "expandtools $?" > Serrfile2 ;} |
                                                                                    # add previous tools and sort them
                                                                                    { sort -u - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}
   10
                                                                                    # remove the excluded names
                                                                                    { comm -23 - Sumpexclude > Sumpsubscr2 || echo "comm $?" > Serrfile2 :}
                                                                                                                                                                   # Break out of loop on error
                                                                 if test -s Serrfile2; then break; fi
                                                                done
   15
                                                                 if test -s Serrfile2; then
                                                                                   read ECMD ECODE < Serrfile2
                                                                                    echo "$0: Error '$ECODE' reported by '$ECMD'" > &2
                                                                                    RC=SECODE
                                                                else
                                                                                                                                                                   # return the final list
                                                                                    cat $tmpsubscr2
   20
                                                                                    RC = 0
                                                                fi
                                                               return SRC
  25
                                                                                                                                < extractsection
                                                         # This routine extracts given sections of input files that are terminated by
                                                         # the EOF line.
 30
                                                         extractsection() {
                                                               integer section=$1
                                                                typeset inputfile=$2
                                                               integer i=1
                                                                typeset LINE done = false
 35
                                                               while not $done && read LINE; do
                                                                                   if ((i > section)); then
                                                                                         done=true
                                                                                   elif test "$LINE" = "$EOF"; then
                                                                                         ((i += 1))
                                                                                  elif ((i = = section)); then
 40
                                                                                         echo "SLINE"
                                                                                   fi
                                                               done < Sinputfile
45
                                                                                                                            --- < mailnews
                                                         mailnews() {
                                                               typeset NEWSTIME=$HOME/.mailnews_time NEW$DIR=$ADMRUG/news
                                                               if test -d $NEWSDIR -a -n "$*"; then
50
                                                                                  cd SNEWSDIR
                                                                                  for file in $(ls -tr); do
                                                                                         if test Sfile -nt SNEWSTIME; then
```

20

```
echo "\tAnnouncment 'Sfile' mailed to $*"
                              echo "Subject: Exptools announcement"
                              echo
5
                              cat Sfile
                            } | /bin/mail $*
                       ſi
                    done
                    cd -
              ſi
10
              touch $NEWSTIME
           # ----- < salutation
           salutation() {
              if not SSALUTATION; then
15
                    SALUTATION = true
                    echo "--- > To the Exptools Administrator of server $LOCALID:"
              fi
20
                   ----- < clientsort
           # This routine sorts clients based on the depth and number of machine in the
           # cascade they serve. This allows clients who have deeper and more numerous
25
           # cascades to get their tools first and begin serving them sooner.
           clientsort() {
              typeset CL
              integer DEPTH MAXDEPTH MACHCOUNT WEIGHT
              for CL; do
30
                    typeset PKGFILE=$HOME/rje/$LOCALID/$CL.pkg
                    MAXDEPTH = 0 MACHCOUNT = 0 WEIGHT = 0
                    if test -f SPKGFILE; then
                       extractsection 3 SPKGFILE
                       while IFS =: read DEPTH REST; do
                            if ((MAXDEPTH < DEPTH)); then
                              ((MAXDEPTH = DEPTH))
35
                            if ((DEPTH == 1)); then
((MACHCOUNT += 1))
                           ſi
                       ((WEIGHT = MAXDEPTH + MACHCOUNT/4))
40
                    echo 'SWEIGHT SCL'
              done |
              sort +0 -1 nr +1 |
              while read DEPTH CL; do
                    ccho "SCL"
45
              done
                     ..... < main
50
```

21

```
autoload take
 5
                          GETOPT = $(getopt cdprR1:t: "$@")
                         if ((S?!=0)); then
                           echo "SUSAGE"
                           exit 2
 10
                         set -- SGETOPT
                         debug = "
LOCALID = "
                         RESEND = faise
                         CHECKSUMS = false
 15
                         USEPLIST = false
NULL MEANS ALL= true
                          ${THRESHOLD: = 200}
                         for arg in "$@"; do
                           case "Sarg" in
                           -c)
20
                                  CHECKSUMS=true
                                  shift
                           -d)
                                 debug = echo
25
                                 shift
                           -r)
                                 RESEND = true
                                 NULL_MEANS_ALL = false
                                 shift
30
                          -R)
                                 RESEND = true
                                 shift
                          -p)
35
                                 USEPLIST = true .
                                 shift
                                 THRESHOLD = $2
                                 shift 2
40
                          -1)
                                 LOCALID=$2
                                 shift 2
                          .:
                          --)
45
                                 shift
                                 break
                          ::
                          csac
                       done
50
                       CLIENTLIST = "$@"
                       if test ! - f $ADMRUG/global/config; then
                          echo *SCMD: ERROR: Can't find RUG global config file*
```

22

```
exit 2
                   ſi
                    . $ADMRUG/global/config
5
                   if test -n "$LOCALID"; then
                      FOUND = false
                      for ID in SDEFAULTLOCALID SLOCALIDLIST; do
                             if test "SID" = "$LOCALID"; then
                               FOUND=true
10
                             fi.
                      done
                      if not $FOUND; then
                             echo "$CMD: ERROR: Unknown local server ID '$LOCALID' given -- aborting!"
                             exit 2
                      ſi
15
                   cisc
                      if test -z "SDEFAULTLOCALID"; then
                             echo *SCMD: ERROR: Default local server ID missing -- aborting!*
                             exit 2
                      LOCALID=SDEFAULTLOCALID
20
                   fi
                    . SADMRUG/global/linkconfig $LOCALID
                    outfile = $LINKDIR/server/update.out
                    if test $(find $outfile -mtime +1 -print | wc -1) -ne 0; then
25
                      SENDUPDATES_DORMANT=true
                                                                   # Sendupdates has been asleep!
                    clse
                      SENDUPDATES_DORMANT=false
                                                                   # Sendupdates running as usual
                    fi
                   Sdebug eval "exec > Soutfile 2>&1"
                    echo "Start 'date'\n"
30
                                                                                      export EXPTAB
                    EXPTAB = $LINKDIR/server/exptab
                    EXPPKGID=$LOCALID
                    RJE=SHOME/rje/SLOCALID
                    NEWFILES = $HOME/adm/upd1.1/lib/cpio.new
                    NEWFILESCOPY=$HOME/adm/upd1.1/lib/cpio.new2
35
                    : ${tmp:=/usr/tmp}
                    tmpCignore=$tmp/$$Cignore
                                                         # List of files to ignore from Client
                    tmpSignore=$tmp/$$Signore # List of files to ignore from Server
                    tmpignfile=Stmp/$Signfile # Work file of files to ignore
                    tmpdiff = Stmp/S$pdiff
                                                         # List of files to change on client
40
                                                         # List of files to cpio to client
                    tmpclist=Stmp/SSclist
                                                         # Sorted, uncommented client plist
                    tmpplist=Stmp/$$plist
                                                         # List of files It size limit to cpio
                    tmpwlist = Stmp/$$wlist
                    tmpcpio=Stmp/$$cpio
                                                         # Cpio file to send to client
                                                         # Work list of excluded tools
                    tmpexclude=Stmp/$Sexcl
                    tmpsubscri=Stmp/$$subi
                                                         # Work list of subscribed tools
45
                                                         # Work list of subscribed tools
                    tmpsubscr2=Stmp/$$sub2
                    tmpCNTmodel=$tmp/$$Cmodel
                                                         # Names of files desired by client
                    tmpCNTplist = Stmp/SSCplist # Client plist with excluded files removed
                    tmpSRVtools=$tmp/$$$tools # List of tools offered
                    tmpSRVplist=Stmp/$$$plist # Plist of files offered to client
                    tmppkgfile=Stmp/SSpkgfile # Work file of packages client subscribes to
50
                    tmpfiles = Stmp/$$files
                                                         # Work file of file names
                    tmpcmdfile = Stmp/$$cmds
                                                         # Work file for commands to be sent
                                                         # Flag file for detecting errors in pipes
                    errfile = Stmp/$Serrfile
```

```
errfile2 = Stmp/$Serrfile
                                             # Flag file for detecting errors in pipes
          tmpflist = "StmpCignore StmpSignore Stmpignfile Stmpdiff Stmpelist Stmpplist Stmpwlist Stmpcpio Stmpexclude StmpCNTmodel
           StmpCNTplist StmpSRVtools StmpSRVplist Stmppkgfile Stmpfiles Stmpcmdfile Stmpsubscr1 Stmpsubscr2 Serrifle Serrifle
 5
          retval = 0
          trap
             retval = 1
             cxit
          trap
 10
             trap - ERR
             emsg "Error code Srerval detected"
             exit Sretval
           ERR
          trap
             Sdebug rm -f Stmpflist
 15
            {
                  echo "Subject: $LOCALID gateway runlog\n"
                  cat Soutfile
            Sdebug /bin/mail SADMIN_EMAIL
            exit Sretval
20
          if $SENDUPDATES_DORMANT; then
            echo "WARNING: Sendupdates has not been run for over 48 hours!\a"
            25
         SRVplist = $LINKDIR/server/plist.$YRDAY
         SRVflist = $LINKDIR/server/flist
         for file in SLINKDIR/server/plist.*; do
           if [ "Sfile" != "SSRVplist" ]; then
                  rm -f Sfile
           fi
30
         done
         if test -z "SCLIENTLIST" && SNULL_MEANS_ALL; then
           CLIENTLIST = 'findclient $TYPE'
35
         echo "Clients:
         SCLIENTLIST*
         if SRESEND: then
           for CLIENTID in $CLIENTLIST: do
                 CLIENTID=S(take 8 SCLIENTID)
                 EXPPWD=$LINKDIR/client/$CLIENTID/.pwd
40
                 if test -s $LINKDIR/client/$CLIENTID/uidname; then
                   altuid = "-u$( < $LINKDIR/client/$CLIENTID/uidname)"
                   altuid =
                 tmpdiff=$RJE/$CLIENTID.diff
45
                 SUSPENDED = $LINKDIR/client/$CLIENTID/Suspended
                 if test ! -f Stmpdiff; then
                   echo "\n--- > No diff file found for $CLIENTID\a"
                 elif test -f SSUSPENDED && SNULL MEANS ALL; then
                   ccho "\n--- > Client $CLIENTID currently suspended"
                 cisc
50
```

```
cc='wc-l < Stmpdiff'
                        if [ 'Scc' -eq 0 ]; then
                             echo "\n\tNo updates for $CLIENTID"
5
                            echo "\n\tChanges for $CLIENTID: " $cc
                            senddelfiles SCLIENTID Stmpdiff
                            sendermdirs SCLIENTID Sumpdiff
                            sendchmods SCLIENTID Stmpdiff
                            sendrepfiles SCLIENTID Stmpdiff
                                     SCLIENTID Suppdiff
                            dirlog
10
                                      SCLIENTID Sumpdiff
                            updlog
                        fi
               done
             clif SUSEPLIST || SCHECKSUMS || not plistOK $SRVplist, then
               (
15
                     cat SEXCLUDELIST
                     genlinkdirs $LOCALID
               } | mksed -w > StmpSignore
               if SUSEPLIST; then
                     echo "\nAccepting current checksums ..."
               cise
20
                     echo "\nCreating upward cascade map"
                     UPDLOG=$TOOLS/adm/upd1.1/lib/updlog
                     CPIOLOG=$TOOLS/adm/upd1.1/lib/cpio.log
                     TZ=SOLD_TZ date | read X X X X TIMEZONE REST MONTH="DATE"
                     DAY="UNKNOWN!"
25
                     TIME = "
                     if test -f $CPIOLOG -a ! -f $ADMRUG/.over; then
                       TZ=SOLD_TZ is -1 SCPIOLOG | read X X X X MONTH DAY TIME REST
                       TIME = "STIME STIMEZONE"
                     clif test -f SUPDLOG; then
                        TZ=SOLD_TZ is -I SUPDLOG | read X X X X X MONTH DAY TIME REST
30
                       TIME = "STIME STIMEZONE"
                     fi
                     integer LEVEL
                     CASCADEFILE=$LINKDIR/global/cascade
                     echo "1:SLOCALID:SMONTH SDAY STIME" > SCASCADEFILE
                     for ID in SDEFAULTSERVERID SSERVERIDLIST; do
35
                        if test -{ $ADMRUG/$ID/global/cascade; then
                            while IFS =: read LEVEL SERVER TIMESTAMP; do
                              ((LEVEL + = 1))
                              echo "$LEVEL:$SERVER:$TIMESTAMP"
                            done < $ADMRUG/$ID/global/cascade >> $CASCADEFILE
40
                       fi
                     done
                     chmod 664 $CASCADEFILE
                     cat $CASCADEFTILE
                     echo "\nCreating downward cascade map"
45
                       echo "\nNOTE: This cascade map generated $(date)"
                       showtree -I $LOCALID
                     } > $LINKDIR/local/cascade
                     echo "\nChecking on exptools announcements"
50
                       LOCAL ADMIN_EMAIL=$ADMIN_EMAIL
                       if test -n "SDEFAULTSERVERID"; then
                            . SADMRUG/global/linkconfig SDEFAULTSERVERID
```

25

```
SERVER_ADMIN_EMAIL = SADMIN_EMAIL
                               clsc
                                     SERVER_ADMIN_EMAIL = "
                               ព
 5
                               if test "$LOCAL_ADMIN_EMAIL" != "$SERVER_ADMIN_EMAIL"; then
                                     mailnews $LOCAL_ADMIN_EMAIL
                               fi
                            echo "\nCalculating new checksums ..."
 10
                            rm -f SRJE/UpdateStarted $RJE/UpdateEnded $RJE/RequestEnded $errfile
                               mktoollist $SUBSCRLIST || echo "mktoollist $?" > $errfile
                            } > StmpSRVtools
                            if test -s Serrfile; then
 15
                               emsg "Failure preparing server tool list" "$( < $errfile)"
                               rm -f StmpSRVtools
                               exit 2
                            if test ! -s StmpSRVtools: then
20
                              echo "$CMD: ERROR: No tools being served by this server -- aborting!"
                              exit 2
                            if not fgrep -x updtools $tmp$RVtools >/dev/null 2>&1; then
                              echo "$CMD: ERROR: Essential tool 'updtools' not being served - aborting!"
25
                              exit 2
                            fi
                              # Get filenames for tools served
                              { TOOLS=$HOME $TOOLS/adm/upd1.1/bin/prpkg -ir < $tmp$RVtools ||
30
                                                                    echo prpkg $?" > Serrfile ;} |
                              # Put in sorted order
                              { sort -u
                                                                  | | echo "sort $?" > Serrfile ; } |
                              # Add directories to complete list
                              { STADMRUG/bin/dirfillout
                                                                  | | echo "dirfillout $?" > Serrfile ;} |
                              # Remove server-ignored files
35
                              { sed -f StmpSignore
                                                        || echo "sed $?" > $errfile ;} |
                              # Get plist data for given files
                              { time $TADMRUG/bin/mkplist -m || echo *mkplist $?* > Serrfile ;} |
                              # Put in sorted order
                              { sort -u
                                                        | | echo "sort $?" > Serrfile ;}
                              ccho "SEOF"
40
                           } > SSRVplist
                           if test -s Serrfile; then
                             emsg "Failure preparing server checksums" "$( < $errfile)"
                             exit 2
                           fi
45
                    fi
                    if not plistOK $SRVplist; then
                          echo "$CMD: ERROR: Corrupted plist file '$$RVplist' -- aborting!"
                          exit 2
                   fi
                   rm -f SNEWFILES
50
                                                                 # Remove previous list of new files
                   if not SUSEPLIST; then
                           > SRJE/UpdateStarted
                   fi
```

26

```
OVERTHRESHOLD = faise
           LONGTERMPROB = false
          MISSINGREPORT = false
          SUBSCRIBE ERROR = false
5
          echo "\nCurrent update threshold: $THRESHOLD"
          echo "InThe clients below are processed according to the sizes of their cascades,"
          echo "largest first."
          for CLIENTID in $(clientsort $CLIENTLIST); do
                 CLIENTID = $(take 8 $CLIENTID)
                 cleanupclient SCLIENTID SYRDAY
                 SUSPENDED = $LINKDIR/client/$CLIENTID/Suspended
10
                 if test -f $SUSPENDED; then
                   echo "\n--- > Client $CLIENTID currently suspended"
                 clse
                   EXPPWD=$LINKDIR/client/$CLIENTID/.pwd
                    if test -s $LINKDIR/client/$CLIENTID/uidname: then
                         altuid = "-u$( < $LINKDIR/client/$CLIENTID/uidname)"
15
                         altuid =
                    ſi
                   CNTplist=$RJE/$CLIENTID.$YRDAY
                   CNTpkgfile = SRJE/SCLIENTID.pkg
                    if not plistOK $CNTplist; then
20
                         if test ! -f $CNTplist; then
                           MISSINGREPORT = true
                           echo "\n---> No plist file found for $CLIENTID\a"
                           integer DAYSOLD=0
                           if test! -f $CNTpkgfile; then
echo * No package file found for $CLIENTID*
25
                           elif not $SENDUPDATES_DORMANT && test -z *$(find $CNTpkgfile -mtime -3 -print 2 > /dev/null)*; then
                                   DAYSOLD=4
                                   while test -n "$(find $CNTpkgfile -mtime +$DAYSOLD -print 2>/dev/null)"; do
                                      ((DAYSOLD += 1))
                                   done
                                   ((DAYSOLD -= 1))
30
                                           This client hasn't reported for SDAYSOLD days!"
                                   echo "
                           if ((DAYSOLD != 0)); then
                                   ADMINDATA=$LINKDIR/client/$CLIENTID/admindata
                                   if test -f $ADMINDATA; then
                                      typeset NAME EMAIL
35
                                      while read FIELD VALUE; do
                                            case "SFIELD"
                                            in NAME)
                                                               NAME = "$VALUE"
                                            :: EMAIL)
                                                               EMAIL = "SVALUE"
                                            esac
                                      done < $ADMINDATA
                                      if [[ "SEMAIL" != @(none | NONE | "") ]]; then
40
                                               echo "Subject: exptools errors"
                                               echo
                                               if [[ "$NAME" != @(none | NONE | "") ]]; then
                                                      echo "To $NAME:"
                                                      echo
45
                                               echo "The RUG update code has detected an error. Your client '$CLIENTID' has not"
                                               echo "reported to its server '$LOCALID' for the last $DAYSOLD days. Please check"
                                               echo "your system to see what is causing this problem. Consult the 'rugadm' HELP"
                                               echo "subsystem for advice. The 'rugcheck' command may also be helpful"
                                               echo "in identifying the cause of this problem."
50
```

27

```
echo "\t\t\t\LOCALID Exptools update routine"
                                         } | mail $EMAIL
                                         echo " Warning notice sent to SEMAIL."
                                 else
 5
                                            No administrator email address on file for '$CLIENTID'."
                                        echo " Warning notice NOT SENT to that machine's Exptools administrator."
                                 fi
                               fi
                               if ((DAYSOLD\%5 == 0)); then
 10
                                        echo "Subject: exptools client trouble"
                                        echo
                                        echo "The RUG update code has detected an error. The client '$CLIENTID' has not
                                        echo "reported to its server 'SLOCALID' for the last SDAYSOLD days. Please contact"
                                        echo "the exptools administrator of that system to see what might be causing this"
 15
                                        echo "problem. You can consult the 'rugadm' HELP subsystem for advice."
                                        echo
                                        echo "\r\r\t\\SLOCALID Exptools update routine"
                                 } | mail SADMIN_EMAIL
                                         Warning notice sent to SADMIN EMAIL.
20
                     ſi
                   cise
                     echo "\n--- > Corrupted plist file found for $CLIENTID\a"
                   fi
              cuf not pkgfileOK $CNTpkgfile; then
25
                   if test 1 -f $CNTpkgfile; then
                     MISSINGREPORT = true
                     echo '\n--> No package file found for $CLIENTID\a"
                   cisc
                     echo "\n--- > Corrupted package file found for $CLIENTID\a"
                   fi
30
             cise
                   echo "\nProcessing $CLIENTID 'date'"
                   sleep 10 # Allow other processes to be cleaned up
                   > Serrfile
                   if test 1 -f $tmp$RVtools; then
35
                              mktoollist $SUBSCRLIST
                                                           || echo "mktootlist $?" > Serrfile
                     } > $tmpSRVtoois
                     if test -s Scrrfile; then
                              emsg "Failure preparing server tool list" "$( < Serrfile)"
                              rm -f $tmpSRVtools
40
                              exit 2
                     fi
                     if test ! -s $tmpSRVtools; then
                              echo "$CMD: ERROR: No tools being served by this server -- aborting!"
45
                     if not fgrep -x updtools $tmp$RVtools >/dev/null 2>&1, then
                             echo "SCMD: ERROR: Essential tool 'updtools' not being served - aborting!"
                             exit 2
                    fi
50
                  extractsection 1 $CNTpkgfile > $tmppkgfile
                  extractsection 2 $CNTpkgfile |
                  mksed > StmpCignore
```

28

```
if test ! -s Stmppkgfile; then
                            echo "SCMD: ERROR: No tools being requested by this client -- skipping!"
                            SUBSCRIBE_ERROR = true
                            continue
5
                         fi
                         if not fgrep -x updtools $tmppkgfile >/dev/null 2>&1; then
                           echo "SCMD: ERROR: Essential tool 'updtools' not requested -- skipping!"
                            SUBSCRIBE_ERROR=true
                            continue
10
                         fi
                           # Get tools subscribed to
                            { mktoollist Stmppkgfile | | echo "mktoollist $?" > Serrfile ; } |
                           # Intersect with offered tools
15
                           { comm -12 - StmpSRVtoois | | echo *comm $?* > Serrfile ; } |
                           # Get filenames
                           { TOOLS = $HOME $TOOLS/adm/upd1.1/bin/prpkg -ir | |
                                                                      echo "prpkg $?" > Serrfile ;} |
                           # Put in sorted order
                                              || echo "sort $?" > Serrfile ;} |
20
                           # Add missing dirs to list
                           { STADMRUG/bin/dirfillout || echo "dirfillout $?" > Serrfile ;} |
                           # Remove client-ignored files
                           { sed -f $tmpCignore
                                                       | | echo "sed $?" > $errfile ;} |
                           # Put in plist form w/o csums
                           { $TADMRUG/bin/mkplist -c || echo *mkplist $?* > $errfile ;} |
25
                           # Put in sorted order
                           { sort -u
                                             || echo "sort $?" > $errfile ;} |
                           { /usr/bin/join -j 1 -t'
                                                        ' - $SRVplist
                                                                      echo "join $?" > Serrfile ;}
                         } > StmpCNTmodel
30
                         if test -s Serrfile; then
                           emsg "Failure analyzing client $CLIENTID checksums" "$( < $errfile)"
                           continue
35
                        if test ! -s $tmpCNTmodel; then
                           echo "SCMD: ERROR: No files being requested by this client -- skipping!"
                           SUBSCRIBE_ERROR = true
                           continue
                        fi
40
                        CleanComm < $CNTplist |
                                                                 # Clean out any comments
                        sort -u > $tmpplist
                                                       # Make sure the file is sorted
                        cut -f1 Stmpplist |
                                                       # Get the client filenames
                        sed -f StmpSignore |
                                                       # Remove server-ignored files
                        /usr/bin/join -j 1 -t' ' - $tmpplist > $tmpCNTplist
                        $TADMRUG/bin/diffplist -m $tmpCNTmodel -s $tmpCNTplist > $tmpdiff
45
                        PROBFILE = $RJE/.prob.$CLIENTID
                        cc='wc-l < Stmpdiff'
                        if fgrep -x -e *- .profile* \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}; then
                           echo "SCMD: ERROR: Update requests for this client corrupted - skipping!"
                        elif [ "Scc" -gt $THRESHOLD ]; then
50
                          echo "\t----> Too many updates for $CLIENTID: $cc -- skipping\a"
                          if test -f SPROBFILE; then
                                   if test -z *$(find $PROBFILE -mtime -3 -print 2>/dev/null)*; then
                                      integer DAYSOLD=4
```

```
while test -n "S(find SPROBFILE -mtime +SDAYSOLD -print 2>/dev/null)"; do
                                                 ((DAYSOLD += 1))
                                           done
                                           ((DAYSOLD -= 1))
                                           if ((DAYSOLD > 7)); then
                                                 LONGTERMPROB=true
                                                 STARS = "*** "
                                          cise
                                                 STARS = "
                                          ſī
10
                                          echo "\t ${STARS}This client has been over threshold-for $DAYSOLD days!"
                                        fi
                               cisc
                                        > SPROBFILE
                                        OVERTHRESHOLD=true
15
                               fī
                             elif [ "Scc" -eq 0 ]; then
                               rm -f SPROBFILE
                               echo "\tNo updates for $CLIENTID"
                             cise
                               rm -f SPROBFILE
                               echo "\tChanges for $CLIENTID: " $cc
20
                               senddelfiles SCLIENTID Stmpdiff
                               sendremdirs $CLIENTID Stmpdiff
                               sendehmods SCLIENTID Stmpdiff
                               sendrepfiles $CLIENTID $tmpdiff
                               dirlog
                                        SCLIENTID Stmpdiff
25
                               updlog
                                         SCLIENTID Stmpdiff
                            cp Stmpdiff SRJE/SCLIENTID.diff
                       fi
                     fi
             done
30
             SALUTATION = false
             if SOVERTHRESHOLD; then
                    salutation
                    cat < < -!
35
           Some systems have EXCEEDED the nightly update threshold. Systems with more
           than STHRESHOLD changes will not be updated except through the express approval
           of the exptools administrator. See the rugadm HELP screen 'Approving the
           resending of update files to client machines" to see how to issue such an
           approval.
40
             fi
             if SLONGTERMPROB; then
                   salutation
                   cat < < -!
45
          Some systems have been over threshold for 7 days or more! Please determine
           why these systems have not gotten their updates.
50
             fi
             if SMISSINGREPORT: then
                   salutation
                   cat < < -!
```

30

```
Some clients did not send in their nightly reports in time to be included in
                today's update processing. See the rugadm HELP screen "Checking on client
                reports" for tips on how to handle this problem.
5
                   if SSUBSCRIBE_ERROR; then
                          salutation
                          cat < < -!
10
                Some clients have problems with their subscription lists. See the rugadm
                HELP screen "Understanding RUG ERROR messages" for tips on how to handle this
                problem.
15
                   fi
                  if not SUSEPLIST; then
                          > $RJE/UpdateEnded
                   fi
                elif test -s $NEWFILES; then
20
                  echo "\nSending out newly arrived files ..."
                  CP SNEWFILES SNEWFILESCOPY
                         cat SEXCLUDELIST
                          genlinkdirs $LOCALID
                   } | mksed -w > $tmpSignore
25
                   for CLIENTID in SCLIENTLIST: do
                          EXPPWD = $LINKDIR/client/$CLIENTID/.pwd
                          if test -s $LINKDIR/ctient/$CLIENTID/uidname; then
                            altuid = "-u$( < $LINKDIR/client/$CLIENTID/uidname)"
                          clsc
                            altuid=
30
                          ſi
                         CNTpkgfile=$RJE/$CLIENTID.pkg
                          if not pkgfileOK $CNTpkgfile; then
                            if test ! -f $CNTpkgfile; then
                                 echo "\n--- > No package file found for $CLIENTID\a"
                            cise
35
                                 echo "\n--- > Corrupted package file found for $CLIENTID\a"
                            ſί
                         cisc
                            echo "\nProcessing $CLIENTID 'date'"
                             > Serrfile
                            if test ! -f $tmpSRVtools; then
40
                                    mktoollist $SUBSCRLIST | | echo "mktoollist $?" > $errfile
                                  > StmpSRVtoois
                            fi
                            if test -s Serrfile; then
45
                                 emsg "Failure preparing server tool list" "$( < Serrfile)"
                                  rm -f $tmpSRVtools
                                  exit 2
                            ſì
5Ò
                            if test ! -s $tmpSRVtools; then
                                 echo "$CMD: ERROR: No tools being served by this server -- aborting!"
                                 exit 2
                            ſі
```

```
extractsection | $CNTpkgfile > $tmppkgfile
                             extractsection 2 SCNTpkgfile |
                             mksed > $tmpCignore
                                                                          # Client-ignored files, sedscr
5
                             if test! -s Stmppkgfile; then
                                  echo "$CMD" ERROR: No tools being requested by this client -- skipping!"
                                 continue
                             Гī
                             sed -f StmpCignore SNEWFILES | # Remove client-ignored files
10
                             TOOLS = SHOME STOOLS/adm/upd1.1/bin/pkgpath -a | # Get toolnames
                             sort -u > StmpCNTmodel
                                                               # Sort new tool: file list
                            { .
                                 # Get tools subscribed to
                                  { mktoollist Stmppkgfile | | echo "mktoollist $?" > Serrfile ; } |
15
                                 # Intersect with offered tools
                                  { comm -12 - StmpSRVtoois | | echo "comm $?" > Serrfile .} |
                                 # Put in sorted order
                                  { sort -u
                                                      || echo "sort $?" > Serrfile ;} |
                                  # Join with new tool; file list
                                 { /usr/bin/join -t: - StmpCNTmodel | |
20
                                                                  echo "join $?" > Serrfile :} |
                                 # Extract the file names
                                                                | | echo "cut $?" > Serrfile . | |
                                 { cut -d: -f2
                                 # Put in sorted order
                                 { sort -u
                                                      || echo "sort $?" > Serrfile ;} |
                                 # Put in update form
25
                                 { sed 's/.*/+ &/'
                                                      || echo "sed $?" > Serrfile ;}
                           } > Stmpdiff
                            if test -s Serrfile; then
                                 emsg "Failure analyzing client SCLIENTID checksums" "$( < Serrfile)"
30
                           fi
                           cc='wc-! < Stmpdiff'
                           if [ "Scc" -eq 0 ]; then
                                 echo "\tNo updates for $CLIENTID"
35
                           cise
                                 echo "\rChanges for $CLIENTID: " $cc
                                 sendrepfiles SCLIENTID Stmpdiff
                                 updlog
                                         SCLIENTID Stmpdiff
                           cp Stmpdiff SRJE/SCLIENTID.diff2
40
                         ſi
                  done
                  if cmp -s $NEWFILES $NEWFILESCOPY; then
                         rm SNEWFILES SNEWFILESCOPY
                  cisc
                         comm -13 $NEWFILES $NEWFILESCOPY > $tmpfiles
45
                         my Sumpfiles SNEWFILES
                         rm SNEWFILESCOPY
                  ſi
               clse
                 echo "\nNo reason to send files, none will be sent!"
50
               ccho "\nFinish 'date'."
               Sdebug cat Soutfile >> SLINKDIR/server/Runlog
```

Claims

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1. A system for propagating revisions through a communications network, comprising:

status reporting circuitry, associated with a second node of said communications network, for collecting and transmitting a current status of second node information stored in a memory of said second node;

first information revising circuitry, associated with a first node of said communications network, for receiving said current status from said second node, determining as a function of said current status whether a revision of said second node information is required and, if said revision is required, transmitting said revision to said second node to revise said second node information; and

second information revising circuitry, associated with said second node of said communications network, for receiving a current status from a third node of said communications network, determining as a function of said current status from said third node whether a revision of third node information stored in a memory of said third node is required and, if said revision is required, transmitting said revision received from said first node to said third node to revise said third node information, said revision thereby propagating through said communications network via said first, second and third nodes thereof.

- The system as recited in Claim 1 wherein said second information revising circuitry includes memory for storing a subscriber list, said second information revising circuitry transmitting said revision as a function of a content of said subscriber list.
- 3. The system as recited in Claim 1 wherein said status reporting circuitry collects and transmits said current status of said second node information to said first node at a first time, status information circuitry associated with said third node collecting and transmitting said current status from said third node to said second node at a second time, said second time subsequent to said first time by a period of time sufficient to allow said second node information to be fully revised before said second information revising circuitry transmits said revision to said third node.
- 30 4. The system as recited in Claim 1 wherein said second information revising circuitry is embodied in a sequence of instructions operable on a second processor associated with said second node, said revision capable of including revisions to said sequence of instructions, thereby allowing an operation of said second information revising circuitry to be modified.
- 35 The system as recited in Claim 1 wherein said communications network is hierarchical, said first node functioning as a server for said second node, said second node functioning as a server for said third node.
 - 6. The system as recited in Claim 1 wherein said first information revising circuitry includes first security circuitry for authenticating said current status received from said second node before said first node transmits said revision to said second node and said second node includes second security circuitry for authenticating said revision received from said first node before revising said second node information.
 - 7. The system as recited in Claim 1 wherein said first information revising circuitry revises said second node information by logging on to said second node and transmitting a sequence of commands to said second node to enable said second node to receive said revision.
 - 8. A method of operation of a communications network for propagating revisions through said communications network, comprising the steps of:
- 50 collecting and transmitting a current status of second node information stored in a memory of a second node of said communications network;
 - receiving said current status from said second node into a first node of said communications network, said first node determining as a function of said current status whether a revision of said second node information is required and, if said revision is required, transmitting said revision to said second node to revise said second node information; and

receiving a current status from a third node of said communications network into said second node, said second node determining as a function of said current status from said third node whether a revision of third node

information stored in a memory of said third node is required and, if said revision is required, transmitting said revision received from said first node to said third node to revise said third node information, said revision thereby propagating through said communications network via said first, second and third nodes thereof.

- 9. The method as recited in Claim 8 wherein said step of receiving said current status from said third node comprises the step of transmitting said revision as a function of a content of a subscriber list stored in said memory of said second node.
- 10. The method as recited in Claim 8 wherein said current status of said second node information is collected and transmitted to said first node at a first time, said method further comprising the step of collecting and transmitting said current status from said third node to said second node at a second time, said second time subsequent to said first time by a period of time sufficient to allow said second node information to be fully revised before said second information revising circuitry transmits said revision to said third node.
- 11. The method as recited in Claim 8 wherein said second node includes a sequence of instructions operable on a second processor associated with said second node, said revision capable of including revisions to said sequence of instructions, thereby allowing an operation of said second node to be modified.
- 12. The method as recited in Claim 8 wherein said communications network is hierarchical, said first node functioning as a server for said second node, said second node functioning as a server for said third node.
 - 13. The method as recited in Claim 8 further comprising the steps of:

authenticating said current status received from said second node before said first node transmits said revision to said second node; and

authenticating said revision received from said first node before revising said second node information.

- 14. The method as recited in Claim 8 said step of receiving said current status from said second node into said first node comprises the step of revising said second node information by logging on to said second node and transmitting a sequence of commands to said second node to enable said second node to receive said revision.
 - 15. A system for propogating revisions through a hierarchical communications network having a host, a first-level node and a second-level node, comprising:

status reporting circuitry, associated with said first-level node, for collecting and transmitting a current status of first-level node information stored in a memory of said first-level node at a first time;

first information revising circuitry, associated with said host, for receiving said current status from said first-level node, determining as a function of said current status whether a revision of said first-level node information is required and, if said revision is required, transmitting said revision to said first-level node to revise said first-level node information; and

second information revising circuitry, associated with said first-level node, for receiving a current status from said second-level node at a second time, determining as a function of said current status from said second-level node whether a revision of second-level node information stored in a memory of said second-level node is required and, if said revision is required, transmitting said revision received from said host to said second-level node to revise said second-level node information, said second time subsequent to said first time by a period of time sufficient to allow said first-level node information to be fully revised before said second information revising circuitry transmits said revision to said second-level node, said revision thereby propagating through said communications network via said host, first-level and second-level nodes thereof.

- 16. The system as recited in Claim 15 wherein said second information revising circuitry includes memory for storing a subscriber list, said second information revising circuitry transmitting said revision as a function of a content of said subscriber list.
- 17. The system as recited in Claim 15 wherein said second information revising circuitry is embodied in a sequence of instructions operable on a second processor associated with said first-level node, said revision capable of including revisions to said sequence of instructions, thereby allowing an operation of said second information revising cir-

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cuitry to be modified.

- 18. The system as recited in Claim 15 wherein said first information revising circuitry includes first security circuitry for authenticating said current status received from said first-level node before said host transmits said revision to said first-level node and said first-level node includes second security circuitry for authenticating said revision received from said host before revising said first-level node information.
- 19. The system as recited in Claim 15 wherein said second security circuitry authenticates said revision on a file-byfile basis.
- 20. The system as recited in Claim 15 wherein said first information revising circuitry revises said first-level node information by logging on to said first-level node and transmitting a sequence of commands to said first-level node to enable said first-level node to receive said revision.
- 21. A system for propagating revisions through a communications network, said communications network including at least one first level node, at least one second level node and at least one third level node, said system comprising:

status reporting circuitry, associated with said at least one second level node, operative to collect and transmit a second level current status of information stored in a memory of said at least one second level node; first information revising circuitry, associated with said at least one first level node, operative to: (1) receive said second level current status of information from said at least one second level node, (2) determine, as a function of said second level current status of information, whether a revision of said at least one second level node information is required, and (3) selectively transmit, in response to said determination, said revision of said at least one second level node information to said at least one second level node information: and

second information revising circuitry, associated with said at least one second level node, operative to: (1) receive a third level current status of information from said at least one third level node, (2) determine, as a function of said third level current status, whether a revision of said at least one third level node information stored in a memory of said at least one third level node is required, and (3) selectively transmit, in response to said determination, said revision received from said at least one first level node to said at least one third level node to revise said at least one third level node information, said revision thereby propagating through said communications network via said at least one first level, at least one second level and at least one third level nodes thereof.

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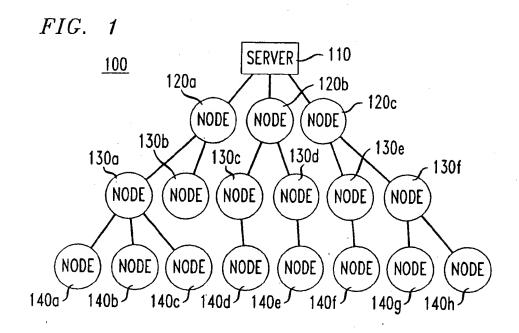
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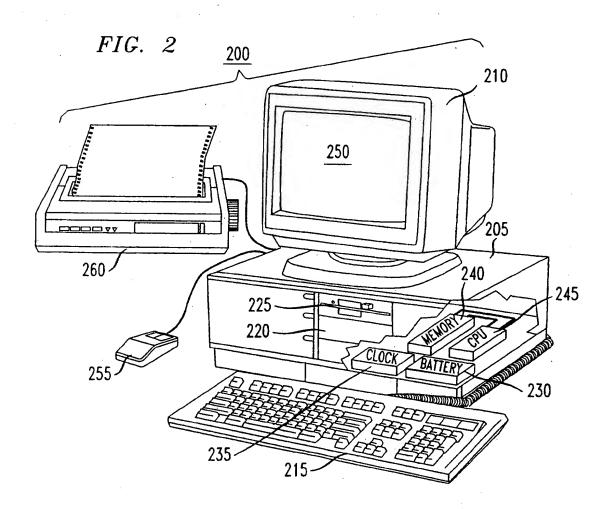
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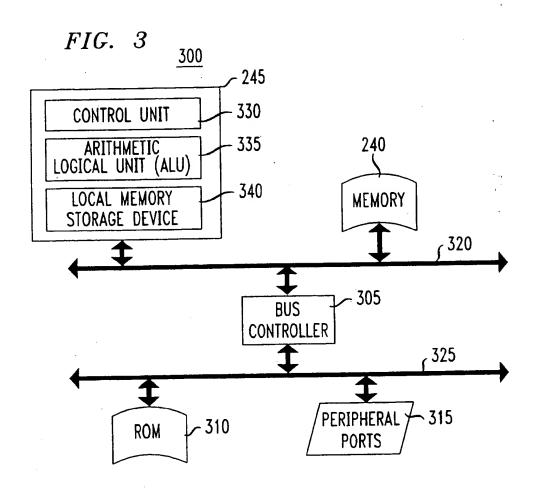
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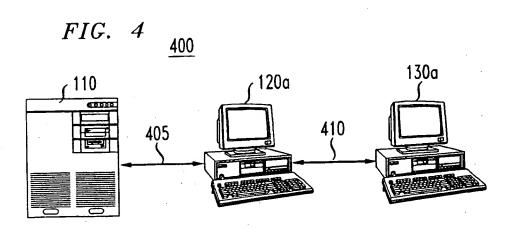
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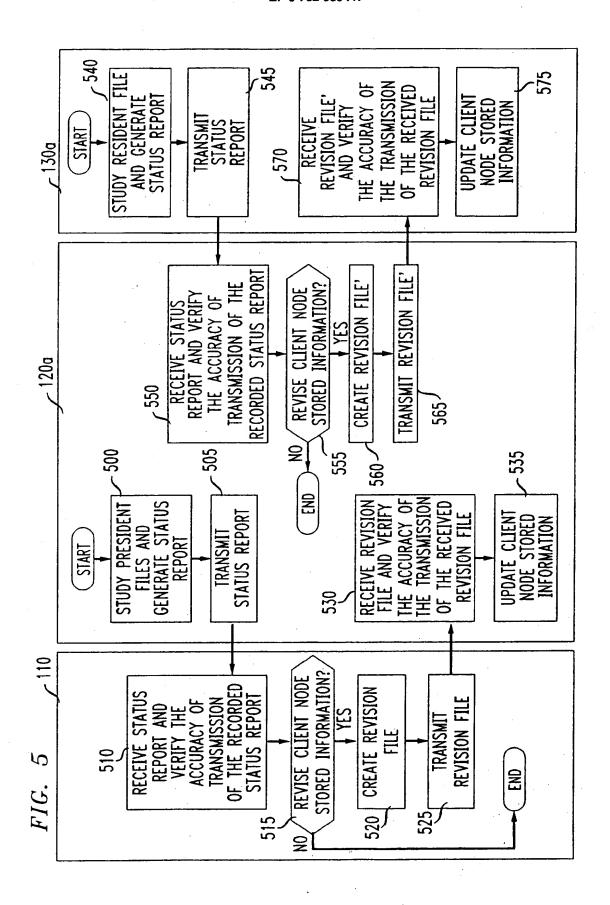
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EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

ategory	Citation of document with indication,	where appropriate,	Relevant	CLASSIFICATION OF TH
A	EP 0 481 457 A (FUJITSU I	LTD) 22 April 1992	1-4, 8-11,	G06F13/10 H04L12/56
	* column 1, line 15 - line * column 5, line 12 - column to abstract; claims 1-3;	lumn 6, line 53 *	15-18,21	
١	US 4 875 208 A (FURUHASH) October 1989	I KOSHI ET AL) 17	8-11,	, · · · ·
	* column 1, line 16 - line * column 2, line 3 - line * column 5, line 7 - line * abstract; claims 1-3;	e 56 * e 68 *	15-18,21	
	US 4 908 828 A (TIKALSKY 1990	TERRY) 13 March	1-21	
	* column 3, line 24 - column 4, line * column 5, line 27 - column 6, line * abstract; claim 1; figures 1,3 *			
		05 1,0		TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.6)
				G06F H04L
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	The present search report has been drawn	up for all claims		
	Place of search	Date of completion of the search	1	Examiner
	THE HAGUE	21 April 1997	Ngu	yen Xuan Hiep, C
X : part Y : part	CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS ticularly relevant if taken alone ticularly relevant if combined with another ument of the same category	T: theory of princip E: earlier patent do after the filing d D: document cited i L: document cited if	cument, but publicate n the application	

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